

THE 2022 YOUNG MATHEMATICAL STORY AUTHOR (YMSA) COMPETITION

THE CINDY NEUSCHWANDER AWARD (THE 12-15 YEARS OLD CATEGORY)

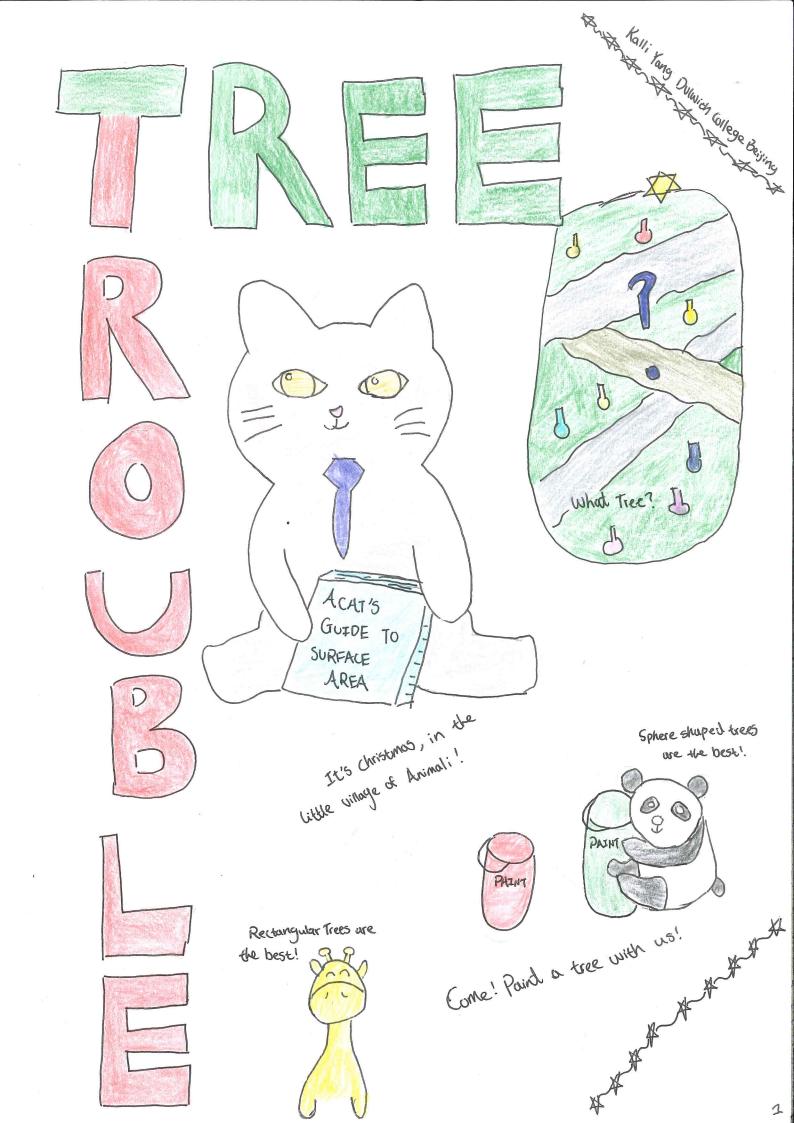
LONGLISTED

'Tree Trouble' by Yang Kalli (12 years old) at Dulwich College Beijing (China)

You can read the author's inspiration for the story and the judges' comments on:

www.mathsthroughstories.org/ymsa2022

#YMSAMaths

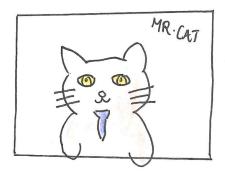


It is Christmas Eve in the little village of Animali. The lights are twinkling with beautiful Christmas whors, with villagers walking around in a festive mood. Everything looks perfect for the night to wome, yet there is just one problem. The Christmas Tree used for the annual Paint a christmas Tree on Christmas Ever has not been ordered und!

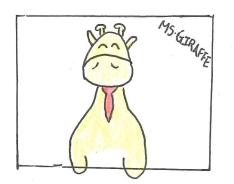
Why not?

Apparently the directors have been arguing about which type of Christmas Tree they should buy.

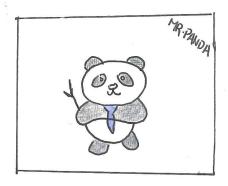
Meet the Directors!



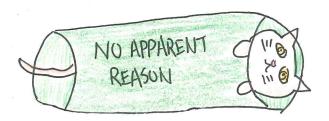
MR. CAT wants the cylinder tree, for no apparent reason...



MS. GIRAFFE words the rectorgular tree, but southy, she seems to be the only one that can roun to top...



last bull not least, MR. PANDA words the sphere-shaped tree, due to his ... onh ... rather round body...



They've been arguing for weeks, yet they still howen decided on a tree to buy.

They recieved a notice from the board of director's directors, telling them that this year's point is limited! And that they should buy the tree which uses the less point.



How do we know which tree uses the less point though...

MS. GIRAFFE Mumbled.
MR. PANDA nodded ogreenent,

MR.CAT Thought for a second, then blurted out -

We'll use Math! Finding the surface area! Which is the total area of a We'll use Math! Finding the surface area! It can be extremely useful when knowing how much paint you need for a wall, how much paper to urap a gik...



How do we do that? I've never been good at Maths! I couldn't even tit in the dussroom!

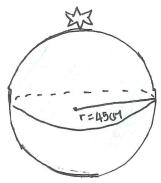
Grumbled MS-GIRAFFE

"Well..." MR-CAT responded silkily, "let me teach you all."

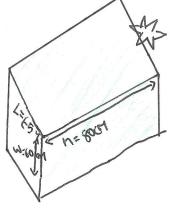
Finding The Measurements

First of all, we need to know the measurements of the difficult trees.

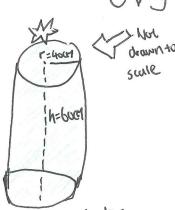
THE MEASUREMENTS



- There is a 4501 Radius futle Spleae Christmas tree -



- The width is 60 °CM, length is 65%, and the height is 80 °CM for the tectangular tree.



- There is a 4001 radius and a 6001 height he the cylinder that -

"We shall start with the sphere", unnounced MR. UtT", Those is always a formula to solve the surface area!"

Formula for Sphere 4712

- little notice ! We will use 3.14 for T-



Okay. I now know the formula! So I'll just put the measurements in!

 $4 \times 3.14(\pi) \times 45^2 =$ Surface area of christmas sphere radius

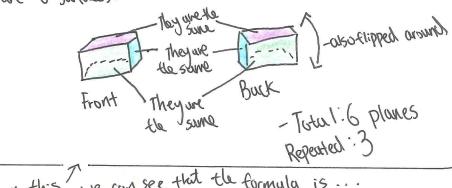
=25434 CM2

Exactly! The surface area is 25434092always remember the unit of surface area is Squareal!

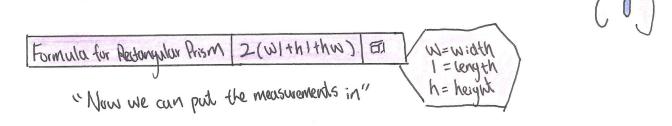


DID YOU KNOW? The Greek mathematician Archimedes discovered that the surface area of a sphere is the same as the luteral surface area of a cylinder, having the sum radius and a height the length of the diameter of the sphere! Flateral Surface area Prodius let's move on! I'm so excited to try out my measurements! How do I find the surface area of a tectury whom prison though?

"We can start by understanding how a rectangular prism works", daims MR-CAT, "We know that the area of a flat surface is I aslantated by multiplying length and width. A rectangular prism (3D) is quite similar. Since it has I 6 flot surfaces, 3 repeated. We only need to find the area of the various 3 surfaces, add them together, then times by two Since there are 6 surfaces



From this, we can see that the formula is ...



Me! Me! Me! I know how to do this!

2(60x65+80x65+80x60)

=2 (3900+5200+4800)

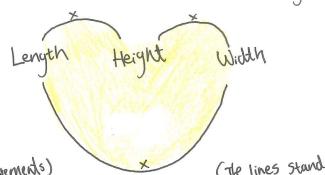
= 2x 13900 = 27800 cm² The surface area of the rectangular prism is 278000112

"You're not bad at Math at all!", says MR. PANDA, smiling.

"Turns out I'm not!", laughs MS. GIRAFFE.

THE SMILEY FACE METHOD

You can remember the formula for the surface area of a rectangular prism, like this:



(These are the measurements)

(The lines stand for multiplication)

The surface area of the rectangular tree is bigger than the surface were of the sphere-shaped tree. Surry MS.GIRAFFE, but the rectangular tree is ... - ELIMINATED - you can still help us solve the cylinder tree's



Surfuce area though!



OOO! I know how to find the surface area of a cylinder!

A Cylinder is a lateral surface with two circular buses at the top and bottom.

The lateral surface can be flathened/unroweled into a flat surface.

paper

-> Stick the two ends together ->



From this we can see that the lateral surface of the cylinder is the circumstance of the circular plane multiplying the height.

Siconference.

Then it we are to include the circular buses, which we are, we'll find the area of it using TU2, and since the one two, we'll times it by two.

Formula for Cylinder 2xxh+2xx2 -> simplified into -> Zor(xxh) "Now let's put the measurements in!", MS-GIRAFFE claims contichently. 2x3.14x40(40+60) = 25120CM2 The surface area of the Glinder tree is 25120 CM2

Correct! You have all mastered the skill of finding surface area.

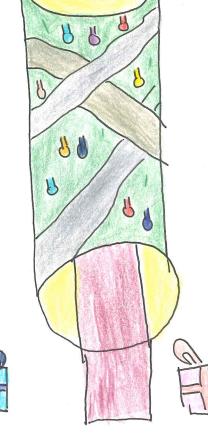
Sphere = 25434CM2 Redungular Prism = 27800CM2 Cylinder = 25120CM2

In conclusion, we can see that the grinden tree has the least surface area, therefore it uses less paint!

"We DID IT!" MS.GIRAFFE and MR.PHNDA Shouted in unision, "MR. CAT thanks for teaching us! You deserve to have the cylinder tree for the activity!"

-Lnd That Night







tley had the most beautiful Christmus

ever ~

* Runda noises*



The End-